1. Past Indefinite

 **पहचान :** इस Tense के वाक्यों मे काम का करना या होना भूतकाल मे पाया जाता है । ऐसे वाक्यों के अन्त मे 'आ', 'या ', 'ई ', 'ये', 'यो ', 'ता था', 'ते थे ', 'ती थी ' आते हैं . **Past  Indefinite  Tense  में  उपयुक्त  क्रिया  के   V²  form  का  प्रयोग  किया  जाता  हैं .**

 **Affirmative Sentences**

**Formula : subject + v2nd form + object .**

**Rule 1:**  एकवचन तथा बहुवचन दोनों मे ही Subject के साथ Verb की 2nd Form आती है ।

 **1.** He gave me a pen yesterday **2.** Mohan went to Delhi to see his father yesterday.

 3. She wrote a letter to her father. 4. The carpenter made a chair

**Negative Sentences**

**Formula : subject + did not + v1st form + object .**

**Rule 1:**  Negative sentences मे प्रत्येक कर्ता(Subject) के बाद did not लगाकर Verb की 1st Form को लगाते हैं ।
**Rule 2:**यदि वाक्य मे 'कभी नहीं ' आया हो तो **'never'**का प्रयोग करते है । never के साथ did not नहीं लगाते हैं । केवल **'2nd form of verb'** लगाते हैं । subject + didnot + v1st + object + .

**1.** He did not play hockey yesterday. **2.** The boys did not learn their lesson.

**3.** मैं कभी देर से नहीं आया । I never came late.

**Interrogative Sentences**

**Formula :** did + subject + v1st + object + ?

**Rule 1:** अगर वाक्य मे 'क्या' लगा हो तो Did को कर्ता (Subject) से पहले लगाते हैं और 1st Form of Verb लगाते हैं फिर object लिखते हे |
**Rule 2:** वाक्य के अंत मे प्रशनसूचक चिन्ह (?) अवश्य लगाते है ।

1. क्या उसने किताब पढ़ी ? 2. क्या तुम्हारी माँ तुम्हे प्यार करती थी ?
Did he read a book? Did your mother love you?

**Interrogative negative Sentences**

**Formula :** did + subject + not + verb 1st form + object + ?

**Rule 1:** अगर वाक्य मे 'क्या' लगा हो तो Did को कर्ता (Subject) से पहले लगाते हैं और कर्ता के बाद not का प्रयोग करते हें फिर उसके बाद 1st Form of Verb लगाते हैं फिर object लगाते हें ।
**Rule 2:** वाक्य के अंत मे प्रशनसूचक चिन्ह (?) अवश्य लगाते है ।

1  क्या तुम मेरे साथ नहीं भागे थे ? did you not run with me?

 **2.**क्या वह यहाँ नहीं आती थी ? Did she not come here?

### . Past Continuous Tense

### पहिचान : हिन्दी के वाक्य के अंत में रहा था , रही थी , रहे थे आदि शब्द आतें हे |

 **Affirmative Sentences**

### Rule 1:  Subject (Single number/ I , He,She,It) + was + . Object

### Rule 2:  Subject (Plural number/You,We,They) + were + (1st Form of Verb + ing) + Object

### I was reading my book. 2.We were learning our lesson.

### Negative Sentences

### Rule 1:  Subject (Single number/ He,She,It) + was + not + (1st Form of Verb + ing) + Object  She was not playing with her doll.  2.  She was not calling a sweet song.

### Rule 2:  Subject (Plural number/You,We,They) + were + not + (1st Form of Verb + ing) + Object They were not going to market. 2. They were not going to market.

### Interrogative Sentences

### Rule 1:  Was/Were + Subject (Single number / Plural number) + (1st Form of Verb + ing) + Object  1.Was he going to the market? 2. Was babita making a noise?

### Interrogative negative Sentences

### Rule 1: Was/Were + Subject (Single number/Plural number) not + (1st Form of Verb + ing) + Object + ? 1. Was I not going with you?  2. Were those boys not making a noise?

3.Past Perfect Tense

पहिचान : *वाक्‍य के अंत में 'आया था' 'गया था' 'चुका था' 'चुकी थी' 'चुके थे' आदि का प्रयोग होता है ।*

**Affirmative Sentences**

**Subject + Had + Verb (3rd form) + Object + (.)**

1. We had reached home before it rained.
2. The train had started before I reached the station.

 **3.** She had read her book before she slept.

 **4.** I had already heard this news.

**Negative Sentences**

 **Rule 1:**  Subject (Single number / Plural number) + had + not + 3rd Form of Verb + Object

1. I had not seen this house before. 2. The patient had not died before the doctor came.

**3.** The thief had not run away before the police came.

**Interrogative Sentences**

**Rule 1:**  Had + Subject (Single number / Plural number) + 3rd Form of Verb + Object  + ?

**1.** Had the bell rung before I reached the school? **2.**Had they taken tea before the sun rose?

**Interrogative negative Sentences**

**Rule 1:**  Had + Subject (Single number / Plural number) + not + 3rd Form of Verb + Object  + ?

1. had you written a letter before I slept?
2. **Had she gone before ………**

Past Perfect Continuous Tense - Hindi to English Translation

**पहचान :** इस Tense के वाक्यों मे काम का जारी रहना भूतकाल मे पाया जाता है और काम के शुरू होने का समय दिया होता है । ऐसे वाक्यों के अन्त मे 'रहा था' ,'रही थी' , 'रहे थे' आते हैं ।

**Affirmative Sentences**

**Rule 1:** प्रत्येक subject के साथ had been लगाकर verb की first form के अन्त में ing लगाते हैं ।

**Rule 2:** समय दिखाने के लिए **'for'**या **'since'** लगाते हैं निश्चित समय (**Point of Time)**दिखाने के लिए 'Since' लगाते हैं । जैसे :**since Tuesday, since 1998, since morning, since 4 o'clock**आदि ।

**Rule 3:**समय की अवधि (**Period of Time**)  के लिए 'for' लगाते हैं । जैसे : **for two days, for three months, for five hours**आदि।

### Subject + had been + v1st + ing + obj + since /for + time .1. सीमा सुबह से अपनी गुड़ियों से खेल रही थी । Seema had been playing with her dolls since morning.2. वे मेरा पाँच घंटे से इन्तजार कर रहे थे । They had been waiting for me for five hours. 3. वे औरतें तीन घंटे से कपड़े धो रही थी । Those women had been washing their clothes for three hours.

**Negative Sentences**

Subject + had + not been + v1st + ing + obj + since /for + time .

**Rule :**  इनमें had के बाद not लगाते हैं ।
**1.** वह दो दिन से पढ़ नहीं रही थी ।  She had not been reading for two days.
**2.**राहुल मुझे दो सालों से नहीं पढ़ा रहा था ।  Rahul had not been teaching me for two years.
**3.** मुझे सोमवार से बुख़ार नहीं हो रहा था । I had not been suffering from fever since Monday.

**Interrogative Sentences**

had + Subject + been + v1st + ing + obj + since /for + time + ?
**Rule 1:**  अगर वाक्य के आरम्भ में क्या हो तो had कर्ता से पहले लगाते हैं।
**Rule 2:** वाक्य के अंत मे प्रशनसूचक चिन्ह (?) अवश्य लगाते है ।

**1.** क्या वह तीन घंटे से अपना काम कर रहा था ? Had he been doing his work for three hours ?
**2.**क्या वे कई सालों से मेरी मदद कर रहे थे ? Had they been helping me for many years ?

**Interrogative negative Sentences**

had + Subject + not + been + v1st + ing + obj + since /for + time + ?
**Rule 1:**  अगर वाक्य के आरम्भ में क्या हो तो had कर्ता से पहले लगाते हैं। **Rule 2:** had के बाद में subject लगते हें फिर उसके बाद में कर्ता फिर उसके बाद not लगाते है ।
**Rule 3:** वाक्य के अंत मे प्रशनसूचक चिन्ह (?) अवश्य लगाते है ।

**1.** क्या वह तीन घंटे से अपना नही काम कर रहा था ? Had he not been doing his work for three hours ?
**2.**क्या वे कई सालों से मेरी मदद नही कर रहे थे ? Had they not been helping me for many years ?

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|  | **Simple Forms** | **Progressive Forms** | **Perfect Forms** | **Perfect Progressive Forms** |
| Present | **Ist form + s / es** | **am/is/are + Ist form + ing** | **have/has + IIIrd form** | **have/has been + Ist form + ing** |
| Past | **IInd form** | **was/were + Ist form + ing** | **had + IIIrd form** | **had been + Ist form + ing** |
| Future | **will/shall + Ist form** | **will be + Ist form + ing** | **will have + IIIrd form** | **will have been + Ist form + ing** |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Simple Forms** | **Progressive Forms** | **Perfect Forms** | **Perfect Progressive Forms** |
| **Present** | **I play** | **I am playing** | **I have played** | **I have been playing** |
| **Past** | **I played** | **I was playing** | **I had played** | **I had been playing** |
| **Future** | **I shall play** | **I shall be playing** | **I shall have played** | **I shall have been playing** |